reason that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance, and for the further reason that it consisted in part of a putrid vegetable substance.

On April 15, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

9295. Adulteration of canned prunes. U. S. * * * v. 100 Cases * * * of Prunes. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 14908. I. S. No. 4156-t. S. No. C-2698.)

On December 11, 1920, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 100 cases, more or less, of prunes, at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Puyallup & Sumner Fruit Growers Canning Co., Puyallup, Wash., on October 26, 1920, and transported from the State of Washington into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On April 15, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

9296. Adulteration of canned strawberries. U. S. * * * v. 294 Cases * * * of Strawberries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 14080. I. S. No. 1988-t. S. No. C-2648.)

On December 17, 1920, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 294 cases, more or less, each containing 6 cans, of strawberries, at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Friday Bros. Canning Co., Coloma, Mich., on July 19, 1919, and transported from the State of Michigan into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Home Comfort Brand Michigan Strawberries in Syrup.. Contents 6 lbs. 4 ozs. Grown and packed by Friday Bros. Canning Co., Coloma, Mich."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On April 15, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

9297. Adulteration of canned corn. U.S. * * * v. 240 Dozen * * * Cans of Corn. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 14403. I.S. No. 2060-t. S. No. C-2773.)

On February 7, 1921, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 240 dozen cans, more or less, of corn, at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Vaux Canning Co., Faribault,